# SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)

Office: CHI

Site Name: Soper Avenue Vapor Intrusion

Client: U.S. EPA

Work Location: Rockford, Winnebago County, IL

WO#: 20405.012.001.1658.00



SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)							
Prepared by: Jona	than Colomb	1	W.O. Number:	20405.012.001.1658.00	Date: 12/21/11		
Project Identification Office: CH	on II			Site History: Benzene and additional BTEX contaminants were discovered in private wells in			
	Soper Avenue Vapor Intrusion				of local wells indicated the		
Client: U.S	S. EPA			presence of VOCs which gasoline, diesel, or heat			
					conduct vapor intrusion sub		
Work Location Addr	ess: Rockfo	ord, Winnebago Co	ounty, IL	slab sampling.	ornador rapor initiadion das		
	Scope of Work: Ambient and/or sub slab air sampling from 3 to 7 locations for TO-15 analysis.						
☐ Site visit only; si	te HASP not nec	essary. List persor	nnel here and s	sign off below:			
Regulatory Status:							
Site regulatory status:			•	Manual (Required to be On-	,		
CERCLA/SARA	RCRA Other I	Federal Agency		zard Assessment and Regulator ble to this project. Indicate below	y Status, determine the Standard		
☑ U.S. EPA	☐ U.S. EPA	☐ DOE	. ,		orm along with the Standard Plan.		
□State	☐ State	USACE	☐ Stack Tes	t			
☐ NPL Site	NRC	☐ Air Force	☐ Air Emissi	ons <u> </u>			
☐ OSHA	☐ 10 CFR 20		☐ Asbestos				
_	_	<u> </u>	☐ Industrial I	Hygiene <u> </u>			
Hazard Communication  ☐ 1910 ☐ 1							
		Review and A	pproval Doc	umentation:			
Reviewed by: SO/DEHSM/CEHS	Tonya Balla			nya Balla	Date: <u>12/20/11</u>		
Environmental.	Name (Print)		Signature				
Compliance Advisor					Date:		
	Name (Print)		Signature				
Approved by: Project Manager	Rick Mehl				Date:		
Froject Manager	Name (Print)		Signature				
		zard Assessme		oment Selection:			
In accordance with				am and 29 CFR 1910.132	2, at the site prior to		
personnel beginning	work, the FSO a	and/or the Site Mai	nager have eva	aluated conditions and ve			
to CEHS Program M	lanual Section 5,	Personal Protection	on Program, fo	r guidance.)			
⊠ FSO	Jeff Bryniarski				Date:		
	Name		Signature				
☐ Site Manager					Date:		
<b>3</b>	Name	-	Signature				
Project Environ	nmental						
Compliance Offi		1			Date:		
Dommorous Coo		Name					
Dangerous Good	_				Date:		
Droinot start -1-1- 41		Name	munt b	Amond====+=/=\	Dva		
Project start date: 12	Z-ZZ- I T	This site HASP reissued/reappr		Amendment date(s)	By:		
End date: 12-23-11		activities conduc		1.			
				2.			
		Date: 2-22-11		3.			
				4.			

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#### **ATTACHMENTS**

ATTACHMENT A Chemical Contaminants Data Sheets

ATTACHMENT B Material Safety Data Sheets

**ATTACHMENT C** Safety Procedures/Field Operating Procedures (FLD Ops)

ATTACHMENT D Hazard Communication Program

ATTACHMENT E Air Sampling Data Sheets

ATTACHMENT F Incident Reporting
ATTACHMENT G Traffic Control Plan

ATTACHMENT H Environmental Health & Safety Inspection Checklist

ATTACHMENT I Hazard Checklist (Single Page)

**ATTACHMENT J** Audit and Other Forms

1. PERSONNEL ON SITE INFORMATION

1.1 WESTON REPRESENTATIVES						
Organization/Branch	Name/Title	Address	Telephone			
WESTON	Rick Mehl	20 N Wacker Drive Ste 1210	312-424-3312			
CHI	Project Manager	Chicago, IL 60606	847-254-6981			
WESTON	Jeff Bryniarski	20 N Wacker Drive Ste 1210	312-424-3307			
CHI	Field Personnel	Chicago, IL 60606	708-284-2490			
WESTON	Dave Sena	20 N Wacker Drive Ste 1210	312-424-3320			
CHI	Field Personnel	Chicago, IL 60606	574-261-5413			
WESTON	Tonya Balla	750 E Bunker Ct Ste 500	847-918-4094			
VHI	H&S Officer	Vernon Hills, IL 60061	847-528-2623			

#### Roles and Responsibilities:

- R. Mehl Project Manager
- J. Bryniarski Field Personnel
- D. Sena Field Personnel
- T. Balla H&S Officer

1.2 WESTON SUBCONTRACTORS				
Organization/Branch	Name/Title	Address	Telephone	
	Name:	Street:		
	Title:	City:		
		State, Zip:		
	Name:	Street:		
	Title:	City:		
		State, Zip:		
	Name:	Street:		
	Title:	City:		
		State, Zip:		

#### Roles and Responsibilities:

Not Applicable

#### SITE-SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PERSONNEL

The Site Field Safety Officer (FSO) for activities to be conducted at this site is: J. Bryniarski

The FSO has total responsibility for ensuring that the provisions of this Site HASP are adequate and implemented in the field.

Changing field conditions may require decisions to be made concerning adequate protection programs. Therefore, the personnel assigned as FSOs are experienced and meet the additional training requirements specified by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.120.

#### **Qualifications:**

40 hr. HAZWOPER/ 8 hr. Refresher; CPR/First Aid/AED, current medical, and FSO/SHSC

Designated alternates include: Dave Sena

1.3 SITE PERSONNEL AND CERTIFICATION STATUS				
	1.3.1 WESTON Emplo	yee Certification		
Name: Jeff Bryniarski Title: Field Personnel Task(s): 1	·	Name: Dave Sena Title: Field Personnel Task(s): 1		
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Level or Desc	ription:	
⊠Medical Current □Fit Test Current (Qual.)	<ul><li>☑Training Current</li><li>☑Fit Test Current (Quant.)</li></ul>	⊠Medical Current □Fit Test Current (Qual.)	⊠Training Current ⊠Fit Test Current (Quant.)	
Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Description:		Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Desc	ription:	
☐Medical Current ☐Fit Test Current (Qual.)	☐Training Current ☐Fit Test Current (Quant.)	☐Medical Current ☐Fit Test Current (Qual.)	☐Training Current ☐Fit Test Current (Quant.)	
Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Description: Medical Current Fit Test Current (Qual.)	☐Training Current ☐Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Desc Medical Current Fit Test Current (Qual.)	ription: □Training Current □Fit Test Current (Quant.)	
Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Description:  Medical Current Fit Test Current (Qual.)	☐Training Current ☐Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Desci		
Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Description:		Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Desc	ription:	
Medical Current Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Training Current Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Medical Current Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Training Current Fit Test Current (Quant.)	
Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Description:		Name: Title: Task(s): Certification Level or Desc	ription:	
Medical Current Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Training Current Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Medical Current  Fit Test Current (Qual.)	Training Current Fit Test Current (Quant.)	

TRAINING CURRENT - Training: All personnel, including visitors, entering the exclusion or contamination reduction zones must have certifications of completion of training in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910, 29 CFR 1926, or 29 CFR 1910.120.

FIT TEST CURRENT - Respirator Fit Testing: All persons, including visitors, entering any area requiring the use or potential use of any tight-fitting respirator must have had, as a minimum, a qualitative fit test, administered in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 or ANSI, within the last 12 months. If site conditions require the use of a full-face, tight-fitting, air-purifying respirator for protection from asbestos or lead, employees must have had a quantitative fit test, administered according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001 or 1025/1926, within the last 12 months.

MEDICAL CURRENT - Medical Monitoring Requirements: All personnel, including visitors, entering the exclusion or contamination reduction zones must be certified as medically fit to work and to wear a respirator, if appropriate, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910, 29 CFR 1926/1910, or 29 CFR 1910.120.

The Site Field Safety Officer is responsible for verifying all certifications and fit tests.

SITE PERSONNEL AND CERTIFICATION STATUS					
1.3.2 Subco	ontractor's Health and	d Safety Progra	am Evaluation		
Name of Subcontractor: NA Address:					
Activities To Be Conducted by Subcont	tractor: Not Applicable				
	Evaluation C	riteria			
Medical program meets OSHA/WESTON criteria	Personal protective equipm	nent available	On-site monitoring equipment available, calibrated, and operated properly		
Acceptable	Acceptable		Acceptable		
Unacceptable	Unacceptable		Unacceptable		
Comments:	Comments:		Comments:		
Safe working procedures clearly specified	Training meets OSHA/WES	STON criteria	Emergency procedures		
Acceptable	Acceptable		Acceptable		
Unacceptable	Unacceptable		Unacceptable		
Comments:	Comments:		Comments:		
Decontamination procedures	General health and safety pevaluation	program	Additional comments:		
Acceptable	Acceptable		Subcontractor has agreed to and will conform with the WESTON HASP for		
Unacceptable	Unacceptable		this project.		
Comments:	Comments:		Subcontractor will work under his own HASP, which has been accepted by project PM.		
Evaluation Conducted by: Certifications added to the HASP prior to beginning world		rsonnel will be	Date:		
	Subcontra	ctor			
Name:		Name:			
Title:		Title:			
Task(s):		Task(s):			
Certification Level or Description:		Certification Level or Description:			
			Training Current		
	Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Fit Test Current (0	Qual.) Lifit Test Current (Quant.)		
Name:		Name:			
Title:		Title:			
Task(s):		Task(s):			
Certification Level or Description:	T		vel or Description:		
	Training Current Fit Test Current (Quant.)	Medical Current  Fit Test Current (0			

# 2. HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION

	2.1 HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION							
			2.1.1 Task Ha	zard Assessment				
Background	Background Review:  Complete  Partial If partial why?							
	Activities Covered Under This Plan:							
No.	Task/Su	ıbtask	Posidential Indoor/	Description Sub Slab Air Sampling		Schedule 12/22 – 12/23		
ı			Residential indoor/s	Sub Slab All Sampling		12/22 - 12/23		
Types of Numbers rehazard class	efer to one of	the following	g hazard evaluation form	s. Complete hazard evaluati	on forms for	each appropriate		
Physioche	mical 1	Chemical	ly Toxic 1	Radiation 3	Biological	2		
☐ Flamma	able	☐ Inhala	tion   Carcinogen	lonizing:	☐ Etiologi	cal Agent		
☐ Explosi	ve	☐ Ingesti	ion	☐ Internal exposure	☐ Other (plant, insect, animal)			
☐ Corrosi	ve	☐ Contac	ct	☐ External exposure				
☐ Reactiv	e	☐ Absorp	ption					
O <sub>2</sub> Rich	1	   ⊠ OSHA	1910.1000 Substance	Non-ionizing:	□ Physic	al Hazards 4		
O <sub>2</sub> Defi	cient		ontaminants)	☑ UV ☐ IR		uction Activities		
		☐ OSHA	Specific Hazard	☐ RF ☐ MicroW				
			ance Standard to following page for )	☐ Laser				
	,	Source/Lo	cation of Contamina	nts and Hazardous Sub	stances:			
Directly Re	elated to Tas	ks	Indirectly Related Members:	to Tasks — Nearby Proce	ss(es) That	Could Affect Team		
	Surface		☐ Client Facility/V	WESTON Work Location				
☐ Other Surface ☐ Groundwater		☐ Nearby Non-Cl	☐ Nearby Non-Client Facility					
Soil		Describe:						
Surface Water								
Sanitary Wastewater			│    │    │    │    │    │    │					
	s Wastewater		Comments:					
			OSC Benning is	contacting residences	for access	scheduling.		
Other				9		3		

HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION						
2.1.2 Chemical Hazards of Concern						
□ N/A				□ N/A		
Chemical Contaminants of Concern  Attach data sheets from an acceptable source such as NIOSH pocket guide, condensed chemical dictionary, ACGIH TLV booklet, etc. List chemicals and concentrations below and locate data sheets in Attachment A of this HASP.			Identify hazardous materials used or on-site and attach Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for all reagent type chemicals, solutions, or other identified materials that in normal use in performing tasks related to this project could produce hazardous substance Ensure that all subcontractors and other parties working nearby are informed of the presence of these chemicals and the location of the MSDSs. Obtain from subcontractors and other parties, lists of the hazardous materials they use or have on-site and identify location of the MSDSs here. List chemicals and quantities below and locate MSDSs in Attachment B of this HASP.			
Chemical Name		Concen (mg		Chemical N	ame	Quantity
Benzene		1.30		10 ppm Isobutylene (calibration	gas)	1 cylinder
	OSHA-SI	PECIFIC H	IAZARDO	OUS SUBSTANCES		
1910.1001 Asbestos	1910.1002 Coal tar pitch volat	iles	<u> </u>	1003 4-Nitrobiphenyl, etc.	1910.1004 alpha-Naphthylar	nine
1910.1005 [Reserved]	1910.1006 Methyl chlorometh	yl ether	<u> </u>	1007 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and its salts)	1910.1008 bis-Chloromethyl ether	
1910.1009 beta-Naphthylamine	1910.1010 Benzidine		<u> </u>	1011 4-Aminodiphenyl	1910.1012 Ethyleneimine	
1910.1013 beta-Propiolactone	1910.1014 2-Acetylaminofluorene		1910.1015 4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene		1910.1016 N-Nitrosodimethylamine	
1910.1017 Vinyl chloride	1910.1018 Inorganic arsenic		1910.1025 Lead (Att. FLD# 46)		1910.1026 Chromium VI (att. FLD 53)	
1910.1027 Cadmium (Att. 50 FLD)	m (Att. 50 FLD)		1) 1910.1029 Coke oven emissions		1910.1043 Cotton dust	
1910.1044 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1910.1045 Acrylonitrile			1910.1047 Ethylene oxide		1910.1048 Formaldehyde	
1910.1050 Methylenedianiline	1910.1051 1,3 Butadiene		<u> </u>	1052 Methylene chloride	1926.60 Methylenedianiline	
1926.62 Lead	1926.1101 Asbestos (Att. FLD	52)	1926.	1127 Cadmium		

HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION				
2.1.3 Biological	Hazards of Concern			
Poisonous Plants (FLD 43-D)	⊠ Insects (FLD 43-B)			
Location/Task No(s) <b>1</b> Source:	Location/Task No(s) 1 Source:			
Route of Exposure:	Route of Exposure:			
Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No	Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No			
Snakes, Reptiles (FLD 43-A)	Animals (FLD 43-A)			
Location/Task No(s) 1  Source:	Location/Task No(s) 1  Source:			
Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No	Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No			
FLD 43 — WESTON Biohazard Field Operating Procedure	es: Att. OP			
Sewage	Etiologic Agents (FLD -C)(List)			
Location/Task No.(s):  Source:	Location/Task No.(s):  Source:			
Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No	Team Member(s) Allergic: Yes No Immunization required: Yes No			
Tetanus Vaccination within Past 10 yrs: Yes No				
FLD 43-C — Mold and Fungus. Att. OP				
FLD 44 — WESTON Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Co	ntrol Plan – First Aid Procedures: Att. OP			
FLD 45 — WESTON Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Co	ntrol Plan – Working with Infectious Waste: Att. OP			

	HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION								
				<b>2.1.4</b> Ra	diation Haza	ards of Conce	rn		
				NON	IIONIZING R	ADIATION			
Task No.	Type of Nonionizing Radiation	Sour	e On-Site	TLV/PEL		Wavelength Range	Control Measures	Monitoring Inst	rument
1	Ultraviolet	Solar					Appropriate clothing/ sunscreen	None	
	Infrared	N/A							
	Radio Frequency	, N/A							
	Microwave	N/A							
	Laser	N/A							
					NIZING RAD	DIATION			
				DA	AC (μCii/mL)	1			
Task No.	Radionuclide	Major Radiatior	Radioact Half-Life s (Years)	ive D		w	Y	Surface Contamination Limit	Monitoring Instrument

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY EVALUATION**

## 2.1.5 Physical Hazards of Concern

Physical Hazard Condition	cal Hazard Physical Hazard OP		WESTON OP Titles
Loud noise	Hearing loss/disruption of communication		Section 7.0 - ECH&S Program Manual Occupational Noise & HC Program
Inclement weather	Rain/humidity/cold/ice/snow/lightning		FLD02 - Inclement Weather
Steam heat stress	Burns/displaced oxygen/wet working surfaces		FLD03 - Hot Process - Steam
Heat stress	Burns/hot surfaces/low pressure steam		FLD04 - Hot Process - LT3
Ambient heat stress	Heat rash/cramps/exhaustion/heat stroke		FLD05 - Heat Stress Prevention/Monitoring
Cold stress	Hypothermia/frostbite		FLD06 - Cold Stress
Cold/wet	Trench/paddy/immersion foot/edema		FLD02 - Inclement Weather
Confined spaces	Falls/burns/drowning/engulfment/electrocution		FLD08 - Confined Space Entry
Industrial Trucks	Fork Lift Truck Safety		FLD09 – Powered Industrial Trucks
Improper lifting	Back strain/abdomen/arm/leg muscle/joint injury		FLD10 - Manual Lifting/Handling Heavy Objects
Uneven surfaces	Vehicle accidents/slips/trips/falls		FLD11 - Rough Terrain
Poor housekeeping	Slips/trips/falls/punctures/cuts/fires		FLD12 - Housekeeping
Structural integrity	Crushing/overhead hazards/compromised floors		FLD13 - Structural Integrity
Improper cylinder. handling	Mechanical injury/fire/explosion/suffocation		FLD16 - Pressure Systems - Compressed Gases
Water hazards	Poor visibility/entanglement/drowning/cold stress		FLD17 - Diving
Water hazards	Drowning/heat/cold stress/hypothermia/falls		FLD18 - Operation and Use of Boats
Water hazards	Drowning/frostbite/hypothermia/falls/electrocution		FLD19 - Working Over Water
Vehicle hazards	Struck by vehicle/collision		FLD20 - Traffic
Explosions	Explosion/fire/thermal burns		FLD21 - Explosives
Moving mechanical parts	Crushing/pinch points/overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD22 – Earth Moving Equipment
Moving mech. parts	Overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD23 – Cranes, Rigging, and Slings
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution		FLD24 - Aerial Lifts/Man lifts
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution		FLD25 - Working at Elevation
Working at elevation	Overhead hazards/falls/electrocution/slips		FLD26 - Ladders
Working at elevation	Slips/trips/falls/overhead hazards		FLD27 - Scaffolding
Trench cave-in	Crushing/falling/overhead hazards/suffocation		FLD28 - Excavating/Trenching
Physiochemical	Explosions/fires from oxidizing, flam./corr. material		FLD30 - Hazardous Materials Use/Storage
Physiochemical	Fire and explosion		FLD31 - Fire Prevention/Response Plan Required
Physiochemical	Fire		FLD32 - Fire Extinguishers Required
Structural integrity	Overhead/electrocution/slips/trips/falls/fire		FLD33 - Demolition
Electrical	Electrocution/shock/thermal burns		FLD34 - Utilities
Electrical	Electrocution/shock/thermal burns		FLD35 - Electrical Safety
Burns/fires	Heat stress/fires/burns		FLD36 - Welding/Cutting/Brazing/Radiography
Impact/thermal	Thermal burns/high pressure impaction/heat stress		FLD37 - Pressure Washers/Sand Blasting
Impaction/electrical	Smashing body parts/pinching/cuts/electrocution		FLD38 - Hand and Power Tools
Poor visibility	Slips/trips/falls		FLD39 - Illumination
Fire/explosion	Burns/impaction		FLD40 - Storage Tank Removal/Decommissioning
Communications	Disruption of communications		FLD41 - Std. Hand/Emergency Signals
Energy/release	Unexpected release of energy		FLD42 - Lockout/Tag-out
Biological Hazards	Biological Hazards at site		FLD43 - Biological Hazards
Animals	Animals		FLD43A - Animals
Insects	Stinging and Biting Insects		FLD43B - Stinging and Biting Insects
Molds/Fungi	Molds and Fungi		FLD43C - Molds and Fungi
Hazardous Plants	Hazardous Plants		FLD43D - Hazardous Plants
Etiologic Agents	Etiologic Agents		FLD43E - Etiologic Agents

2.1.5 Physical Hazards of Concern (Continued)						
Physical Hazard Condition	Physical Hazard		WESTON OP Titles			
Biological Hazards/BBP	Biological Hazards/BBP at site/First Aid Providers		FLD44 - Biological Hazards – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan – First Aid Providers			
Infectious Waste	Infectious Waste at site/BBP/ at site/Infectious Waste		FLD45 – Biological Hazards – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan – Work With Infectious Waste			
Lead Contaminated sites	Lead poisoning		FLD46 - Control of Exposure to Lead			
Puncture/cuts	Cuts/ dismemberment/gouges		FLD47 - Clearing, Grubbing and Logging Operations			
Not applicable	Not applicable		FLD48 – Federal, State, Local Regulatory Agency Inspections			
Not applicable	Exposure to hazardous materials/waste		FLD49 – Safe Storage of Samples			
Cadmium	Exposure Control		FLD50 – Cadmium Exposure Control Plan			
Process Safety Procedure	Safety Procedure		FLD51 – Process Safety Procedure			
Asbestos	Asbestos Exposure		FLD52 – Asbestos Exposure Control Plan			
Hexavalent Chromium	Exposure Control Plan		FLD53 – Hexavalent Chromium Exposure Control Plan			
Benzene	Exposure Control Plan		FLD54 - Benzene Exposure Control Plan			
Hydrofluoric acid	Working with HF		FLD55 – Working with Hydrofluoric Acid			
Moving drill rig parts	Crushing/pinch points/overhead hazards/electrocution		FLD56 – Drilling Safety			
Vehicles/driving	Accidents,/fatigue/cell phone use		FLD 57 – Motor Vehicle Safety			
Improper material handling	Back injury/crushing from load shifts/equipment/tools		FLD 58 – Drum Handling Operations			
COC decontamination	COCs/slip,trip, and falls/waste generation/environmental compliance/PPE		FLD59 - Decontamination			
Drilling hazards	Electrocution/overhead hazards/pinch points		Environmental Remediation Drilling Safety Guideline - 2005			
Fatigue	Long work hours		FLD60 – Employee Duty Schedule			
Benzene/Gasoline	Benzene exposure	$\boxtimes$	FLD61 – Gasoline Contaminant Exposure			
Cardiac Arrest	Accident/Heart Attack		FLD62 – 2009 Automatic External Defibrillator (AED) Program Guidelines			
Ionizing Radiation	Ioninaing Radiation		FLD63 – Using Handheld X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Analyzers			
Working Alone	Isolated Working Conditions		FLD64 – Employees Working Alone			

## 3. SITE SECURITY

3.1 SITE SECURITY ASSESSMENT FORM					
	DESCRIPTION				
Site Name and Location: Soper Avenue Vapor Instursion Rockford, Winnebago County, IL	Employees and Subcontractors on Site: WESTON START U.S. EPA				
-	collected and analyzed for VOCs. EPA will obtain access indoor hazards (pets, reptiles, steep stairs) with residents				
Projected Start Date: 12-22-11	Projected Completion Date: 12-23-11				
SURROUNDING AREA (urban/suburban/rural; r	residential/commercial/industrial; traffic volume, population density, etc.)				
Residential area; light traffic although it is v 2,680 people/sq. mile	within two blocks of a main thoroughfare (Auburn avenue);				
THREAT INDICATORS (apparent social, econor	mic, political, ethnic, criminal, gang related, and other risk factors)				
-	mparable to other cities of this size. This includes the at/security issues are anticipated in this neighborhood.				
COUNTERMEASURES (Current and projected r	risk mitigation factors)				
Security Systems (Reference Site Security Checklist): The Buddy System will be in place at all times during the sampling activities. All vehicles will be parked in highly visible areas and will be locked when not in use.					
Security Procedures (Reference Site Se The Buddy System will be in place at all tir immediately be reported to the FSO.	ecurity Checklist): mes during the sampling activities. Suspicious activity will				
Closest police station location and cont Rockford Police Department 420 W State St # 207, Rockford, IL 61101-1207	tact information:				
Other relevant observations or informat N/A	tion to factor into the Site Security Plan:				
OVERALL SECURITY ASSESSMENT (Submit	t "Medium" and "High" risk assessments to Corporate Security for review				
Risk Level:	☐ Medium ☐ High Date: 12-21-11				
Site Safety Officer: Jeff Bryniarski	Division Safety Manager: Ted Deecke				
USE ATTACHMENTS FOR ADI	DITIONAL COMMENTS, MAPS AND DIAGRAMS				

## 3.2 WESTON SITE SECURITY CHECKLIST

To be used for completing the Site Security Assessment Form required on all WESTON projects. Contact Corporate Security for guidance on any items that are "NEEDED" and "NOT IN PLACE".

CC	ONTROL MEASURES:	In-Place / Not In-Place	Needed / Not Needed
1.	<ul> <li>Fencing, lockable gates, no holes (enter details below):</li> <li>a. Chain Link material</li> <li>b. Other material (describe)</li> <li>c. Height (in feet and inches)</li> <li>d. Top cover (e.g., razor wire)</li> <li>e. Signage (e.g., No Trespassing)</li> </ul>		
_			
2.	Guard service:  a. During working hours?  b. During non-working hours?  c. As a stationary post?  d. As a roving patrol?  e. Do they have written instructions?  f. Do they have adequate training?  g. Do they have adequate supervision?  h. Do they have daily reports?  i. Do they have daily inspections?		
3.	ID badges displayed by: a. Employees? b. Contractors? c. Visitors?		
4.	Log books for:  a. Employee sign-in?  b. Visitor sign-in?  c. Vehicle sign-in?  d. Incident reports?  e. Property removal?  f. Keys and access cards?		
5.	Electronics and hardware options (enter details below):  a. Access card readers  b. Adequate lighting c. Closed circuit TV  d. Alarm system e. Other (describe)		
6.	Procedures documented for:  a. Security training?  b. Security instructions?  c. Contingency plans?  d. Opening and closing protocols?  e. Other (describe)?		
7.	Law enforcement liaison documented for: a. Municipal police? b. County sheriff? c. State police? d. Federal agencies (specify)?		

# WESTON SITE SECURITY CHECKLIST (CONTINUED)

To be used for completing the Site Security Assessment Form required on all WESTON projects. Contact Corporate Security for guidance on any items that are "NEEDED" and "NOT IN PLACE".

CH	AIN OF COMMAND:	Name	24/7 Contact Information
a.	Site Security Coordinator		
b.	Site Supervisor	OSC Brad Benning Jeff Bryniarski	312-919-0090 708-284-2490
C.	Project Manager	Rick Mehl	312-424-3312
d.	PC Manager	Steve Clough	847-918-4000

	Cita daparvidor	Jeff Bryniarski	708-284-2490
C.	Project Manager	Rick Mehl	312-424-3312
d.	PC Manager	Steve Clough	847-918-4000
REI	MARKS (use this section and	d supplemental pages to comme	nt on details, exceptions or additional observations):

3.3 SITE SECURITY ASSESSMENT FORM					
DESCRIPTION					
Site Name and Location: Soper Avenue Vapor Intrusion Rockford, Winnebago, IL	Number of employees WESTON STAR U.S. EPA (1)	oyees and subcon T (2)	tractors on site:		
Type of Work: Indoor/sub slab sampling from 1 to 6 locations will be conducted.	ted and the sample	es will be analyzed fo	or VOCs.		
Are Chemicals Used or Stored That Meet DHS/CFATS Req http://www.dhs.gov/files/programs/gc 1185909570187.sht					
If Yes, Attach Plan and DHS Approvals to HASP. http://www.dhs.gov/files/programs/gc_1169501486197.sht	<u>m</u>				
Projected Start Date: 12-	Projected Comp	letion Date:			
SURROUNDING AREA (urban/suburban/rural; residential/	commercial/indus	strial; traffic volume	e, population density, etc.)		
Residential area; light traffic although it is within tw people/sq. mile					
THREAT INDICATORS (apparent social, economic, political	al, ethnic, crimina	l, gang related, and	d other risk factors)		
Crime rates in Rockford are statistically comparab criminal activity, although no threat/security issues	le to other cities	of this size. Thi	is includes the potential		
COUNTERMEASURES (Current and projected risk mitigation	ion factors)				
Security Systems (Reference Site Security Checklist): The Buddy System will be in place at all times during highly visible areas and will be locked when not in	ing the samplin	g activities. All ve	ehicles will be parked in		
Security Procedures (Reference Site Security Checklist): The Buddy System will be in place at all times during immediately be reported to the FSO.	ing the samplin	g activities. Susp	picious activity will		
Closest police station location and contact information: 420 W State St # 207, Rockford, IL 61101-1207 (815) 987-5912					
Other relevant observations or information to factor into the Not Applicable	he Site Security F	lan:			
OVERALL SECURITY ASSESSMENT (Submit "Medium" and	nd "High" risk as:	sessments to Corp	orate Security for review)		
Risk Level:	Medium	☐ High	Date 12-21-11		
Site Safety Officer: Jeff Bryniarski	Division Sat	ety Manager: Ted	Deecke		
USE ATTACHMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, MAPS AND DIAGRAMS					

## 4. TASK BY TASK ASSESSMENT

#### 4.1 TASK-BY-TASK RISK ASSESSMENT

#### 4.1.1 Task 1 Description

#### TASK 1: Residential Indoor Air Sampling – 5 Locations

Prior to sampling, the appropriate location for indoor air sampling will be determined. The air will be screened for interferences using a MultiRae and a benzene ppbRAE. A MultiRAE is a photo ionization detector that provides continual air monitoring of VOCs at part per million concentrations as well as monitor O2 and LEL. The ppbRAE will provide benzene specific measurements. All interferences will be removed from the sample area prior to sample collection. The indoor air sample will be collected in accordance with U.S. EPA SOP 1704.

The indoor air samples will be collected over a 24-hour period in accordance with LLS\_EPA SOP 2042. The locations sampled

•	a Site drawing and noted in the field logbook/field collection sheets.
	EQUIPMENT REQUIRED/USED
Level D PPE Summas Logbook Camera MultiRAE	Sample Equipment Power Drill Hand Vaccum ppbRAE Safety glasses
	POTENTIAL HAZARDS/RISKS
	Chemical
	Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☐ L  assist with identifying risk of VOC exposure during installation of the sampling port and a ppbRAE nterferences. Hazard/exposure potential should be minimal. Personnel will wear gloves and safety
	Physical
be used when driving to vaccum. Basement wir ceilings/overhead haza	Risk Level:   H   M   L  t posses risks of slips, trips, and falls. Awareness of hazards will minimize risk. Caution will and from the sites. Use caution if using residential power/electric to run power tools and ing should be observed to make sure it appears ok to use. Watch for low rds and steep stairs. Personnel should have flashlights while working in basement should r. START will discuss any piping or lines which may run underneath the basement prior to
,	Biological
walk around, there is the identifying poisonous pl	Risk Level:   H   M   L  Ito have any pets/reptiles secured prior to the sampling team's visit. During the exterior e potential for risk of contact with poisonous plants. All project personnel will be briefed on ants. Work in uninhabited basements poses a minor risk of contact with insects and small or mold could be present in basement.
	RADIOLOGICAL
☐ Hazard Present     What justifies risk level?     Work will be conducted	Risk Level: ☐ H ☐ M ☒ L inside the residential properties. No risks are anticipated.
	LEVELS OF PROTECTION/JUSTIFICATION
Level D PPE	
	AFETY PROCEDURES REQUIRED AND/OR FIELD OPS UTILIZED in accordance with the provisions of this HASP, OSHA guidelines, and WESTON Standard

4	4.2 PERSONNEL PROTECTION PLAN							
Engineering Controls Describe Engineering Controls used as part of Pe								
Task(s) 1 Proper tools will be use	Task(s)							
Administrative Controls  Describe Administrative Controls used as part of	Personnel Protection Plan:							
Task(s)								
<ol> <li>Proper breaks will be ta</li> <li>Plenty of fluids will be ta</li> </ol>	ate qualifications and trainin ken aken while working on-site worn for weather conditions p							
Personal Protective Equipment Action Levels for Changing Levels of Protection.	Refer to Site Air Monitoring Program—A	ction Levels. Define Action Levels for up or down grade for each task:						
Task(s) 1 Level D PPE								
	Description of Lev	els of Protection						
Level D		Level D Modified						
Task(s): 1		Task(s):						
⊠ Head	Hard Hat	☐ Head						
⊠ Eye and Face	Safety Glasses	☐ Eye and Face						
☐ Hearing		☐ Hearing						
☐ Arms and Legs Only		☐ Arms and Legs Only						
☐ Appropriate Work Uniform		☐ Whole Body						
	Steel Toed Boots	☐ Hand - Gloves						
☐ Fall Protection		☐ Gloves						
☐ Flotation		☐ Gloves						
☐ Other		☐ Foot - Safety Boots						
		☐ Over Boots						

4.3 DESCRIPTION OF LEVELS OF PROTECTION				
Level C	Level B			
Task(s):	Task(s):			
☐ Head	☐ Head			
☐ Eye and Face	☐ Eye and Face			
☐ Hearing	☐ Hearing			
☐ Arms and Legs Only	☐ Arms and Legs Only			
☐ Whole Body	☐ Whole Body			
☐ Apron	☐ Apron			
☐ Hand – Gloves	☐ Hand - Gloves			
☐ Gloves	☐ Gloves			
☐ Gloves	☐ Gloves			
☐ Foot - Safety Boots	☐ Foot - Safety Boots			
☐ Outer Boots	☐ Outer Boots			
☐ Boots (Other)	☐ Boots (Other)			
☐ Half Face	☐ SAR - Airline			
☐ Cart./Canister	□ SCBA			
☐ Full Face	☐ Comb. Airline/SCBA			
☐ Cart./Canister	☐ Cascade System			
□ PAPR	☐ Compressor			
☐ Cart./Canister	☐ Fall Protection			
☐ Type C	☐ Flotation			
☐ Fall Protection	☐ Other			
☐ Flotation				
☐ Other				

# 5. MONITORING PROGRAM

5.1 SITE OR PROJECT HAZARD MONITORING PROGRAM							
	5.1.1	Air Monito	oring Inst	ruments			
	Instrument Selection and Initial Check Record Reporting Format: Field Notebook Field Data Sheets* Air Monitoring Log Trip Report Other						
Instrument	Task No.(s)	Number Required	Number Received	Checked Upon Receipt	Comment	Initials	
RAD							
☐ GM (Pancake)							
☐ Nal (Micro R)							
ZnS (Alpha Scintillator)							
Other							
⊠ PID							
MiniRAE							
MultiRAE (LEL/O2/H2S/CO/PID)		4					
TVA 1000 (PID/FID)	1	1					
Other							
☐ FID							
TVA 1000 (FID/PID)							
☐ Other							
PDR 1000 (Particulate)							
⊠ Single Gas Meter (SGM)							
Specify Chemical: benzene ppbRAE	1	1					
Personal Sampling Pump							
Specify Media:							
☐ Bio-Aerosol Monitor							
☐ Tubes/type:							
Tubes/type:							
Tubes/type:							
☐ Tubes/type:							

5.1 SITE OR PROJECT HAZARD MONITORING PROGRAM								
	5.	<b>1.1</b> Air	Monitorin	ng Instrum	nents Cali	bration Reco	rd	
Instrument, Mfg., Model, Equip. ID No.	Date	Time	Calib. Material	Calib. Method Mfg.'s	Other	Initial Setting and Reading	Final Setting and Reading	Calibrator's Initials

## **5.2 SITE AIR MONITORING PROGRAM**

#### **Action Levels**

These Action Levels, if not defined by regulation, are some percent (usually 50%) of the applicable PEL/TLV/REL. That number must also be adjusted to account for instrument response factors.

10 to 25% LEL		Tasks	Action Level		Action
Consider foxicity potent Work may continue. Increase monitoring frequency.  >25% LEL  1 to 10% LEL  Work must stop. Ventila area before returning.  Ambient Air Confined Space Concentration  <19.5% O2  <19.5% O2  19.5% O2  19.5% to 23.5% O2  Work must stop. Ventila area before returning.  19.5% to 25% O2  19.5% to 23.5% O2  Work may continue. Investigate changes fro 21%.  >25% O2  >23.5% O2  Work must stop. Ventila area before returning.  Continue work. Radiation  3 times background 3 times background 3 times background to < 1 mR/hour  Radiation above background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possibl radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with cautic Perform throrough monitoring. Consult with Health Physicist.  > 1 mrem/hour  Organic gases and vapors  1 0 to 5 ppm level D 0 to 0.5 ppm – monitor with ppbRAE See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.	Explosive atmosphere	1			
Increase monitoring frequency.			<10% LEL	0 to 1% LEL	Work may continue. Consider toxicity potential.
Ambient Air   Confined Space   Concentration   Ambient Air   Concentration   Concentration   Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Concentration     Continue with self-contained breathing apparatus.   19.5% to 25% O₂   19.5% to 23.5% O₂   Work may continue. Investigate changes fro 21%.   Work must stop. Ventilia area before returning.   Continue work.   Radiation   Continue work.   Radiation above background to < 1 mR/hour   Continue work.   Radiation above background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possible radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with cautic Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with Health Physicist.   Potential radiation haza Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.     O to 0.5 ppm   monitor with ppbRAE   See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.     Inorganic gases, vapors,   Inorganic gase, vapors,   Inorganic gase, vapors,   Inorganic gase, vapors,   Inorganic gase, vapors,   Inorga			10 to 25% LEL	1 to 10% LEL	Increase monitoring
Concentration  Investigate changes fro 21%.  Work may continue. Investigate changes fro 21%.  Work must stop. Ventila area before returning.  Continue work.  Radiation above background to < 1 mR/hour  Continue work.  Radiation above background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possibli radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with cautic Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with Health Physicist.  > 1 mrem/hour  Potential radiation haza Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.  Corganic gases and 0 to 0.5 ppm level D 0 to 0.5 ppm — monitor with ppbRAE  See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.			>25% LEL	>10% LEL	Work must stop. Ventilate area before returning.
See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.   Work may continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.   Work may consult with H&S.   Work may consult with H&S.   Work may continue. Investigate changes fro 21%.   Work must stop. Ventilia area before returning.   Continue work.   Radiation above background to < 1 mR/hour   Radiation above background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possibly radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with cautic Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with Health Physicist.   Potential radiation haza Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.   See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.   Interpretable to the protection of the protectio	⊠ Oxygen	1			
Investigate changes fro 21%.			<19.5% O <sub>2</sub>	<19.5% O <sub>2</sub>	
Radiation			19.5% to 25% O <sub>2</sub>	19.5% to 23.5% O <sub>2</sub>	Investigate changes from
3 times background to < 1 mR/hour  Radiation above background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possibl radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with cautic Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with Health Physicist.  > 1 mrem/hour  Potential radiation haza Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.  Organic gases and vapors  1 0 to 5 ppm level D 0 to 0.5 ppm − monitor with ppbRAE See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.			>25% O <sub>2</sub>	>23.5% O <sub>2</sub>	Work must stop. Ventilate area before returning.
background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possibl radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with cautic Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with Health Physicist.  > 1 mrem/hour  Potential radiation haza Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.  Organic gases and vapors  1 0 to 5 ppm level D 0 to 0.5 ppm — monitor with ppbRAE See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.	Radiation		< 3 times background		Continue work.
Evacuate site. Continue investigation only upon the advice of Health Physicist.  Organic gases and vapors  1 0 to 5 ppm level D 0 to 0.5 ppm – monitor with ppbRAE See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.			3 times background	background levels (normally 0.01-0.02 mR/hr) signifies possible radiation source(s) present. Continue investigation with caution. Perform thorough monitoring. Consult with a Health Physicist.	
vapors  0 to 0.5 ppm – monitor with ppbRAE  See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.			> 1 mren	the advice of Health	
0 to 0.5 ppm – monitor with ppbRAE  See FLD 61 for potential upgrades. Consult with H&S.  Inorganic gases, vapors,	◯ Organic gases and	1	0 to 5 ppm level D		
with H&S.  Inorganic gases, vapors,	vapors		0 to 0.5 ppm – monitor with ppbRAE		

#### 5.3 ACTION LEVELS

(Attach action level calculations)

# 6. HOSPITAL INFORMATION

6.1 CONTINGENCIES					
	6.1.1 Emerc	ency Contacts and Pho	ne Numbers		
Agency		Contact	Phone Number		
WorkCare WESTON Medical Director		Dr. Peter Greaney		30 pm Pacific Time call 800-	
WorkCare WESTON Program Administrat	or	Heather Lind		Il 0 for the Operator or ext. 475 to request the on-call clinician.	
After-Business Hours Contact (In Case of Emergency Only)	4:31 p.m. – 5:59 a.m. Pacific Time, all day Saturday, Sunday, and Holidays call 800-455- 6155 Dial 3 to reach the after-hours answering service. Request that the service connect you with the on-call clinician or the on-call clinician will return your call within 30 minutes.				
WESTON Corporate Environmental F Director	lealth & Safety	Owen B. Douglass, Jr.	610.701.30	65 610.506.5392 (cell)	
WESTON Medical Programs Manage	WESTON Medical Programs Manager Owen B. Douglass, Jr. 610.701.3065 610.506.5392 (cell)			65 610.506.5392 (cell)	
WESTON Health & Safety Division Sa	afety Manager	Ted Deecke	84	7-337-4147 (m)	
WESTON Health & Safety Local Safe	ty Officer	Tonya Balla	847-918-4094 (o) / 847-528-2623 (m)		
Fire Department		911	911		
Police Department		911	911		
WESTON FSO Cell Phone		Jeff Bryniarski	708-284-2490		
WESTON PM Cell Phone		Rick Mehl	847-254-6981		
Client Site Phone		OSC Brad Benning	312-919-0090		
Site Telephone		NA	NA		
Nearest Telephone		NA	NA		
Poison Control			(800) 222-1222	2	
	Local N	Medical Emergency Facil	ity(s)		
Name of Hospital: Swedish American	Hospital				
Address: 1401 East State Street, Rockford, IL Phone No.: 815-489-4658					
Name of Contact: Emergency Room	1			Phone No.:	
Type of Service: Physical trauma only Route to Hospital: (See Attached)				Travel time from site: 13 minutes	
☐ Chemical exposure only ☐ Physical trauma and chemical exposure ☐ Available 24 bayes			Distance to hospital: 3.2 miles Name/no. of 24-hr ambulance service: 911		
Available 24 hours					

Secondary or Specialty Service Provider						
Name of Hospital:						
Address:		Phone No.:				
Name of Contact:		Phone No.:				
Type of Service:	Route to Hospital (see attached):	Travel time from site:				
Physical trauma only						
☐ Chemical exposure only		Distance to hospital:				
Physical trauma and chemical exposure		Name/no. of 24-hr ambulance service:				
Available 24 hours		1				

See reporting an incident in Attachment F.

# 6.1.2 Hospital Map

(Attach hospital map and directions)

6.1 CONTINGENCIES							
6.1.3 Response Plans							
Medical - General  Provide first aid, if trained; assess and determine need for further medical assistance.  Transport or arrange for transport after appropriate decontamination.		First Aid Kit:  Yes No  Blood Borne Pathogens Kit:  Yes No	Type Standard 20-man and infection control kit	Location In Vehicle	Special First-Aid Procedures: Cyanides on-site Yes No If yes, contact LMF. Do they have antidote kit? Yes No		
		Eyewash required  Yes No	Туре	Location	HF on-site  ☐ Yes ☒ No  If yes, need neutralizing ointment for first- aid kit. Contact LMF.		
		Shower required  No	Туре	Location			
Plan for Response to Spill/Release		Plan for Response to Fire/Explosion		Fire Extinguishers			
In the event of a spill or release, ensure safety, assess situation, and perform containment and control measures, as appropriate.  Description of Spill Response Gear	<ul> <li>a. Cleanup per MSDSs if small; or sound alarm, call for assistance, notify Emergency Coordinator</li> <li>b. Evacuate to predetermined safe place</li> <li>c. Account for personnel</li> <li>d. Determine if team can respond safely</li> <li>e. Mobilize per Site Spill Response Plan</li> </ul>	In the event of a fire or explosion, ensure personal safety, assess situation, and perform containment and control measures, as appropriate:  Description (Other Fire Ref	b. Evacuate predeterm place c. Account for the distribution of materia conditions	or personnel extinguisher eand trained so inform y responders ls and	Type/Location  ABC/Vehicle / / / / / / / / Location		
Plan to Respond to Security Problems							
Avoid confrontation							
Call 911 Update WESTON PM, Safety, and Client as appropriate							

## 7. DECONTAMINATION PLAN

7.1 GENERAL DECONTAMINATION PLAN						
Description Description						
Personnel Decontamination  Consistent with the levels of protection required, step-by-step procedures for personnel decontamination for each level of protection are attached.						
Levels of Protection Required for Decontamination Personnel						
The levels of protection required for personnel assisting with decontamination will be:						
Level B Level C Level D Modifications include:						
Disposition of Decontamination Wastes						
Provide a description of waste disposition including identification of storage area, hauler, and final disposal site, if applicable  Investigation-derived wastes (IDW) are defined as any byproduct of the field activities that is suspected or known to be						
contaminated with hazardous substances. The performance of field activities will produce waste products, such as expendable PPE. All disposable waste generated during the site assessment will be placed in trash bags and disposed of as general refuse. If required, disposal arrangements will be executed in accordance with appropriate local, state, or federal regulations. START will refer to the U.S. EPA's <i>Management of Investigation-Derived Wastes During Site Inspections</i> (U.S. EPA, 1991) guidance on off-site disposal policies, if this action is deemed necessary.						
Equipment Decontamination						
A procedure for decontamination steps required for non-sampling equipment and heavy machinery follows:  Not Applicable						
Sampling Equipment Decontamination						
Sampling equipment will be decontaminated in accordance with the following procedure:						
General decontamination procedures are described in Section B.2 of the START III Generic QAPP. The following standard decontamination protocols will be used:						
All disposable sampling supplies and PPE will be bagged and and disposed of as general refuse.						

7.2 LEVEL D DECONTAMINATION PLAN
Check indicated functions or add steps, as necessary:
Function Description of Process, Solution, and Container
Segregated equipment drop
Boot cover and glove wash
Boot cover and glove rinse
☐Tape removal - outer glove and boot
Boot cover removal
Outer glove removal
HOTLINE
Suit/safety boot wash
☐Suit/boot/glove rinse
Safety boot removal
☐Suit removal
☐Inner glove wash
☐Inner glove rinse
☐Inner glove removal
☐Inner clothing removal
CONTAMINATION REDUCTION ZONE (CRZ)/SAFE ZONE BOUNDARY
Field wash
Redress
Disposal Plan, End of Day:
Not applicable
Disposal Plan, End of Week:
Not applicable
Disposal Plan, End of Project:
All disposable sampling supplies and PPE will be bagged and disposed of as general refuse.

#### 8. TRAINING AND BRIEFING TOPICS/SIGN OFF SHEET

8.1 TRAINING AND	BRIEFING TOPICS					
The following items will be covered at the site-specific training meeting, daily or periodically.						
Site characterization and analysis, Sec. 3.0, 29 CFR 1910.120 I	Level A					
Physical hazards	Level B					
Chemical hazards	Level C					
Animal bites, stings, and poisonous plants	Level D					
Etiologic (infectious) agents	Monitoring, 29 CFR 1910.120 (h)					
Site control, 29 CFR 1910.120 d	Decontamination, 29 CFR 1910.120 (k)					
Engineering controls and work practices, 29 CFR 1910.120 (g)	Emergency response, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Heavy machinery	Elements of an emergency response, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Forklift	Procedures for handling site emergency incidents, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Backhoe	Off-site emergency response, 29 CFR 1910.120 (I)					
Equipment	Handling drums and containers, 29 CFR 1910.120 (j)					
Tools	Opening drums and containers					
Ladder, 29 CFR 1910.27 (d)/29 CFR 1926	Electrical material handling equipment					
Overhead and underground utilities	Radioactive waste					
Scaffolds	Shock-sensitive waste					
Structural integrity	Laboratory waste packs					
Unguarded openings - wall, floor, ceilings	Sampling drums and containers					
Pressurized air cylinders	Shipping and transport, 49 CFR 172.101, IATA					
Personal protective equipment, 29 CFR 1910.120 (g); 29 CFR 1910.134	Tank and vault procedures					
Respiratory protection, 29 CFR 1910.120 (g); ANSI Z88.2	Illumination, 29 CFR 1910.120 (m)					
Working over water FLD-19	Sanitation, 29 CFR 1910.120 (n)					
Boating safety FLD-18	Proper lifting techniques					
Heat Stress / Cold Stress						

8.2 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN APPROVAL/SIGNOFF FORM						
Site Name: Soper Avenue Vapor Intrusion	<b>WO#</b> : 20405.012.001.1658.00					
Address: Soper Avenue and Auburn Avenue, Rockford, Winnebago County, IL						
I understand, agree to, and will conform widiscussed in the personnel health and safe	th the information set forth in this Health an ty briefing(s).	d Safety Plan (and attachments) and				
Name	Signature	Date				
	-					
-						
		<u> </u>				
·						
	,					
	-	<u> </u>				

# ATTACHMENT A CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS DATA SHEETS

Insert sheets on following page.



# ATTACHMENT B MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS

(ATTACH MSDSS)

Insert documents on following page.



# ATTACHMENT C SAFETY PROCEDURES/FIELD OPERATING PROCEDURES (FLD OPS) Insert documents on following page.



# ATTACHMENT D HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

#### SITE-SPECIFIC HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

#### Location-Specific Hazard Communication Program/Checklist

To ensure an understanding of and compliance with the Hazard Communication Standard, WESTON will use this checklist/document (or similar document) in conjunction with the WESTON Written Hazard Communication Program as a means of meeting site- or location-specific requirements.

While responsibility for activities within this document reference the WESTON Safety Officer (SO), it is the responsibility of all personnel to effect compliance. Responsibilities under various conditions can be found within the WESTON Written Hazard Communication Program.

To ensure that information about the dangers of all hazardous chemicals used by WESTON is known by all affected employees, the following Hazard Communication Program has been established. All affected personnel will participate in the Hazard Communication Program. This written program, as well as WESTON's Corporate Hazard Communication Program, will be available for review by any employee, employee representative, representative of OSHA, NIOSH, or any affected employer/employee on a multi-employer site.

$\boxtimes$	Site or other location name/addre	ess: Soper Avenue Vapor Intrusion, Rockfo	ord, Winnebago County, IL
$\boxtimes$	Site/Project/Location Manager:	Rick Mehl	
$\boxtimes$	Site/Location Safety Officer:	Tonya Balla (H&S Officer); Jeff Bryniarski (F	SO)
$\boxtimes$	List of chemicals compiled, forma	at: ⊠ HASP □ Other:	
$\boxtimes$	Location of MSDS files:	HASP	
	Training conducted by: Name:		Date: ———
	Indicate format of training docum	nentation:   Field Log:   Other:	
	Client briefing conducted regardi	ng hazard communication:	
	If multi-employer site (client, sub	contractor, agency, etc.), indicate name of aff	ected companies:
	Other employer(s) notified of che	emicals, labeling, and MSDS information:	
	Has WESTON been notified of o necessary? ☐ Yes ☐ No	ther employer's or client's hazard communica	tion program(s), as

#### List of Hazardous Chemicals

A list of known hazardous chemicals used by WESTON personnel must be prepared and attached to this document or placed in a centrally identified location with the MSDSs. Further information on each chemical may be obtained by reviewing the appropriate MSDS. The list will be arranged to enable cross-reference with the MSDS file and the label on the container. The SO or Location Manager is responsible for ensuring the chemical listing remains up-to-date.

#### **Container Labeling**

The WESTON SO will verify that all containers received from the chemical manufacturer, importer, or distributor for use on-site are clearly labeled.

The SO is responsible for ensuring that labels are placed where required and for comparing MSDSs and other information with label information to ensure correctness.

#### Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs)

The SO is responsible for establishing and monitoring WESTON's MSDS program for the location. The SO will ensure that procedures are developed to obtain the necessary MSDSs and will review incoming MSDSs for new or significant health and safety information. He/she will see that any new information is passed on to the affected employees. If an MSDS is not received at the time of initial shipment, the SO will call the manufacturer and have an MSDS delivered for that product in accordance with the requirements of WESTON's Written Hazard Communication Program.

A log for, and copies of, MSDSs for all hazardous chemicals in use will be kept in the MSDS folder at a location known to all site workers. MSDSs will be readily available to all employees during each work shift. If an MSDS is not available, immediately contact the WESTON SO or the designated alternate. When a revised MSDS is received, the SO will immediately replace the old MSDS.

#### **Employee Training and Information**

The SO is responsible for the WESTON site-specific personnel training program. The SO will ensure that all program elements specified below are supplied to all affected employees.

At the time of initial assignment for employees to the work site, or whenever a new hazard is introduced into the work area, employees will attend a health and safety meeting or briefing that includes the information indicated below.

- Hazardous chemicals present at the work site.
- Physical and health risks of the hazardous chemicals.
- The signs and symptoms of overexposure.
- Procedures to follow if employees are overexposed to hazardous chemicals.
- Location of the MSDS file and Written Hazard Communication Program.
- How to determine the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the employee's work area.
- How to read labels and review MSDSs to obtain hazard information.
- Steps WESTON has taken to reduce or prevent exposure to hazardous chemicals.
- How to reduce or prevent exposure to hazardous chemicals through the use of controls procedures, work practices, and personal protective equipment.
- Hazardous, nonroutine tasks to be performed (if any).
- Chemicals within unlabeled piping (if any).

#### Hazardous Nonroutine Tasks

When employees are required to perform hazardous nonroutine tasks, the affected employee(s) will be given information by the SO about the hazardous chemicals he or she may use during such activity. This information will include specific chemical hazards, protective and safety measures the employee can use, and steps WESTON is using to reduce the hazards. These steps include, but are not limited to, ventilation, respirators, presence of another employee, and emergency procedures.

#### Chemicals in Unlabeled Pipes

Work activities may be performed by employees in areas where chemicals are transferred through unlabeled pipes. Prior to starting work in these areas, the employee will contact the SO, at which time information as to the chemical(s) in the pipes, potential hazards of the chemicals or the process involved, and the safety precautions that should be taken will be determined and presented.

#### Multi-Employer Work Sites

It is the responsibility of the SO to provide other employers with information about hazardous chemicals imported by WESTON to which their employees may be exposed, along with suggested safety precautions. It is also the responsibility of the SO and the Site Manager to obtain information about hazardous chemicals used by other employers to which WESTON employees may be exposed.

ESTON's chemical listing will be made available to other employers, as requested. MSDSs will be ailable for viewing, as necessary.	
e location, format, and/or procedures for accessing MSDS information must be relayed to affected aployees.	
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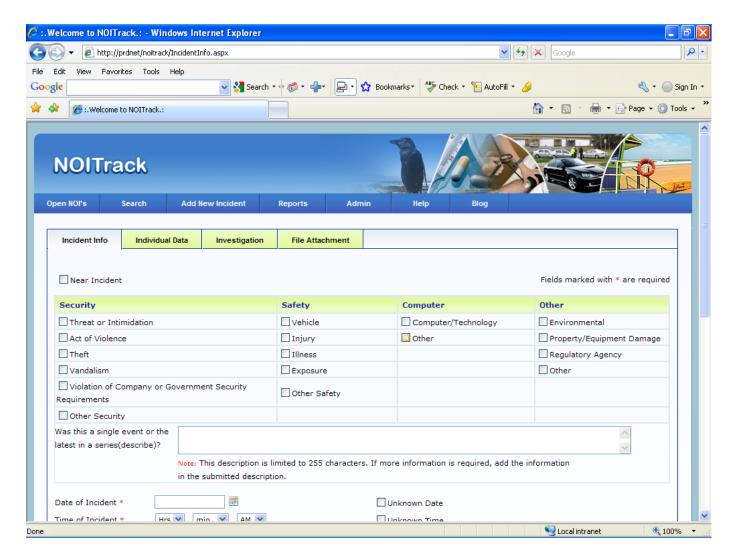
# ATTACHMENT E AIR SAMPLING DATA SHEETS

		SI	TE AIR MO	ONITORIN	G PROGR	AM		
				eld Data She				
Location: So	per Avenu	e Vapor Intrus	ion, Rockford	Cockford, Winnebago County, IL  GM: Shield Probe/ Aerosol Thin Window  Monitor (units) (mg/m³) mR/hr cpm (uR/hi	GM: Shield Probe/			
% LEL	% O <sub>2</sub>	PID (units)	FID (units)		mR/hr	срт	Nal (uR/hr)	ZnS (cpm)
	Moni	tox (ppm)			D	etector Tube	(s)	
Sound Lev	vels (dBA)	Illumination	рН	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other
Location:				Aerosol Monitor	GM: Shield Probe/ Thin Window		Nal	ZnS
% LEL	% O <sub>2</sub>	PID (units)	FID (units)	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	mR/hr	срт	(uR/hr)	(cpm)
	Moni	tox (ppm)			D	etector Tube	(s)	
Sound Lev	vels (dBA)	Illumination	рН	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other

AIR MONITORING/SAMPLING DATA LOG								
Client:			W.O. No	:		Samp	le No	·:
Address:			Sampled	I Ву:		Date:		
	Emplo	yee an	d Locati	on Info				
Employee Name:		Em	ployee No	).:		Job Title:		
Respirator ☐ APR ☐ PAPR ☐ SAR ☐ SCBA	☐ ½ Mask ☐ Full Fa ☐ ½ Mask ☐ Full Fa ☐ ½ Mask ☐ Full Fa	ice 🗌	Hood Hood	Manufa				ridge Type:
PPE:  Hard Ha	at  HPD Gloves	s 🗆	Safety Sho	es 🗌 (	Coveralls	☐ Other:		
			ımpling l	Data				
. 0 ,,	_	Media:				Pump Typ	pe/Se	rial No.:
☐ TWA ☐ STEL	_							
☐ Full Shift ☐ Partial S	Shift Grab							
Calibrator/Serial No.:		Pre-Calil	oration:			Post-Cali	bratio	n:
1		1. 2.				1. 2.		
		3.				3. avg-post:		
Start Time:	Restart Time:	Resta	rt Time:		Avg. Flo			% Change:
1 <sup>st</sup> Stop Time:	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stop Time:	3 <sup>rd</sup> St	op Time:		Total Tin	ne:	,	Volume:
Multiple Samples for this ☐ Yes ☐ No	TWA: Multip		ical Expos	ures:		Exposure Ti	_	☐ Worst Case
	, <u> </u>		ling Con	ditions				
Weather Conditions:	Temp: R.	H:	Ь	.P.:		ther:		
Engineering Controls:	remp. iv.	11.				uiei.		
		Subst	ances Ev	/aluated	d			
Substance	Result S	ubstance	9	Resu	lt	Substan	ice	Result
	Ob	servati	ons and	Comm	ents			
QA by:	QA by:							



# ATTACHMENT F INCIDENT REPORTING



Please go to NOITrack using the following link to complete incident reporting. If you are in the field and do not have access to NOITrack, please contact someone in your office to do the reporting for you.

http://prdnet/noitrack/IncidentInfo.aspx

Questions can be directed to Susan Hipp-Ludwick at 610.701.3046.

# ATTACHMENT G TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN Insert documents on following page.





#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST**

Project Name:		
Inspector:		
Submit to:		
	Date:	

#### THE WESTON SITE APPEARANCE

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Is the site secured to prevent inadvertent, unnecessary, or unauthorized access? Are gates closed and locked at any time that the access point is not occupied or visible to site workers?	
		Are access points posted with signs to indicate client and end-user client name, WESTON's name and logo, names of other contractors and sub-contractors, project name and location, and appropriate safety messages?	
		Are required postings in place (e.g., Labor Poster, Emergency Phone Numbers, Site Map, etc.)?	
		Are site trailers tied down per local code and provided with stairs that have a landing platform with guard and stair railings?	
		Is a Site Safety file system established in the office to maintain records required by applicable safety regulations	
		Is the Health and Safety Plan (HASP) or Accident Prevention Plan (APP) amended as scope of work changes, hazards are discovered or eliminated or if risk change?	
		Is the Site Safety Plan and the Safety Officers Field Manual on site?	
		Is new employee indoctrination provided?	
		Have site Rules been provided, discussed and signed off on by all employees	
		Incident Reporting procedure explained to all?	
		Is site management trained in the WESTON (and client as applicable) Incident Reporting system?	
		Are NOI and Supplemental Report forms and OSHA 300 Log available on site?	
		Is Site Management aware of the Case Management and Incident Investigation Procedures?	
		Is there a list of preferred provider medical facilities available?	
		Has the "Inspection By A Regulatory Agency" procedure been reviewed by all site management?	
		Will Competent Persons be required because of activities to be performed, equipment to be used or hazards to be encountered?	
		POLICIES	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Each individual employee is aware that he or she responsible for complying with applicable safety requirements, wearing prescribed safety equipment and preventing avoidable accidents.	
		Do employees understand that they will wear clothing suitable for existing weather and work conditions and the minimum work uniform will include long pants, sleeved work shirts, protective footwear, hard hat, and safety glasses unless otherwise specified via the HASP.	
		Are employees provided safety and health training to enable them to perform their work safely? Is all training documented to indicate the date of the session, topics covered, and names of participants?	
		Safety meetings are conducted daily. The purpose of the meetings are to review past activities, review pertinent tailgate safety topics and establish safe working procedures for anticipated hazards encountered during the day.	
		Training has been provided to all personnel regarding handling of emergency situations that may arise from the activity or use of equipment on the project.	
		Employees/contractors are informed and understand that they may not be under the influence of alcohol, narcotics, intoxicants, or similar mind-altering substances at any time. Employees found under the influence of or consuming such substances will be immediately removed from the job site.	
		Site workers and operators of any equipment or vehicles are able to read and understand the signs, signals, and operating instructions of their use.	
		Have contractors performing work provided copies of relevant documentation (such as medical fit-for-duty, training certificates, fit-tests, etc.) prior to initiation of the project?	

#### SANITATION 29 CFR 1926 Subparts C, D. EM 385-1-1, Section 2

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Is an adequate supply of drinking water provided? Is potable/drinking water labeled as such? Are there sufficient drinking cups provided?	
		Are there a sufficient number of toilets?	
		Are washing facilities readily available and appropriate for the cleaning needs?	
		Are washing facilities kept sanitary with adequate cleansing and drying materials?	
		Waste is secured so as not to attract rodents, insects, or other vermin?	
		Is an effective housekeeping program established and implemented?	
		ACCIDENT PREVENTION SIGNS, TAGS, LABELS, SIGNALS, AND PIPING SYSTEM IDE 29 CFR 1926 Subpart G. EM 385-1-1, Section 8	ENTIFICATION
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Are signs, tags, and labels provided to give adequate warning and caution of hazards and instruction/directions to workers and the public?	
		Are all employees informed as to the meaning of the various signs, tags, and labels used in the workplace and what special precautions are required?	
		Are construction areas posted with legible traffic signs at points of hazard?	
		Are signs required to be seen at night lighted or reflectorized?	
		Tags contain a signal word ("danger" or "caution") and a major message to indicate the specific hazardous condition or the instruction to be communicated to the employee. Tags follow requirements as outlined in 29 CFR 1926.200.	
	1	MEDICAL SERVICES AND FIRST AID 29 CFR 1926 Subparts C, D. EM 385-1-1, Section 3	
YES	NO	Is a local medical emergency facility (LMEF) identified in the HASP or APP?	COMMENT
oxdot			
		Has the LMEF been visited to verify the directions and establish contacts?	
		Has site management reviewed WESTON's incident management procedures?	
		Have clinics and specialists that will help WESTON manage injuries and illnesses been identified?	
		Is there at least two (2) people certified in First Aid and CPR?	
		Are first aid kits available at the command post and appropriate remote locations?	
		Are first Aid Kits and Eyewash/Safety Showers inspected weekly?	
		Are 15 minute eyewash/safety showers in place if required?	

#### FIRE PREVENTION AND PROTECTION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart F. EM 385-1-1, Section 9

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Is an Emergency Response and Contingency Plan in place?	
		Are emergency phone numbers posted?	
		Are fire extinguishers selected and provided based on the types of materials and potential fire classes in each area?	
		Are fire extinguishers provided in each administrative and storage trailer, within 50 ft but no closer than 25 ft of any fuel or flammable liquids storage, on welding and cutting equipment, on mechanical equipment?	
		Are fire extinguishers checked daily and inspected monthly?	
		Do site personnel know the location of fire extinguishers and how to use them?	
		Are flammable and combustible liquids stored in approved containers?	
		Safety cans are used for dispensing flammable or combustible liquids in 5 gallon or less volumes.	
		Are flammable and combustible liquids stored in flammable storage cabinets or appropriate storage areas?	
		Are flammable materials separated from oxidizers by at least 20 feet (or 5 foot tall, ½ -hour rated fire wall) when in storage?	
		Are fuel storage tanks double walled or placed in a lined berm?	
		Spills are cleaned up immediately and wastes are disposed of properly.	
		Combustible scrap, debris, and waste material (oily rags) are stored in closed metal containers and disposed of promptly.	
		Vehicle fueling tanks are grounded and bonding between the tank and vehicle being fueled is provided?	
		LPG is stored, handled, and used according to OSHA regulations 29 CFR 1926.	
		LPG cylinders are not stored indoors.	
		Is a hot work permit program in place? See WESTON FLD-36	
		Is smoking limited to specific areas, prohibited in flammable storage areas and are signs posted to this effect?	
LVE0	No	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, AGENTS, AND ENVIRONMENTS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts D, Z. EM 385-1-1, Sections 6, 28	LOOMMENT
YES	NO	Are operations, materials and equipment evaluated to determine the presence of hazardous contaminants or if hazardous agents	COMMENT
Ш	Ш	could be released in the work environment?	
		Are MSDS for substances made available at the work-site when any hazardous substance is procured, used, or stored?	
		Are all containers and piping containing hazardous substances labeled appropriately?	
		Is there an inventory of hazardous substances?	
		Is there a site Specific Hazard Communication Program?	
		Spill kits appropriate for the hazardous materials present are on site and their location is known to spill responders.	
		Is disposal of excess hazardous chemicals performed according to WESTON's guidelines and RCRA regulations?	
		Before initiation of activities where there is an identified asbestos or lead hazard, is there a written plan detailing compliance with OSHA and EPA asbestos or lead abatement requirements? Does the plan comply with state and local authority, and USACE requirements, as applicable?	
		Are personnel trained and provided with protection against hazards from animals, poisonous plants, and insects?	

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT, RESPIRATORY AND FALL PROTECTION 29 CFR 1926 Subparts D, E, M. EM 385-1-1, Section 5

YE	S NC	C		COMMENT
			Do employees understand that the minimum PPE is hard hat, safety glasses with side shields and safety shoes or boots and that long pants and a sleeved shirt are required?	
			Has the SSHC reviewed the PPE requirements in the HASP against actual site conditions and certified that the PPE is appropriate? (see Field Manual, PPE Program)	
			PPE is inspected, tested and maintained in serviceable and sanitary condition as recommended by the manufacturer. Is defective or damaged equipment taken out of service and repaired or replaced?	
			Are workers trained in the use of the PPE required?	
			Are personnel exposed to vehicular or equipment traffic, including signal persons, spotters or inspectors required to vests or apparel marked with a reflective or high visibility material?	
			Is there a noise hazard? If yes, hearing protection will be required.	
			Is there a splash or splatter hazard? Face shields or goggles will be required.	
			Will personnel be working in or over water? Personnel Floatation devices will be required.	
			Is there a welding hazard? Welding helmet and leathers will be required. Is there a cutting torch hazard? Goggles and protective clothing will be required.	
			Is each person on a walking/working surface with an unprotected side or edge which is 6 feet (1.8 m) or more above a lower level protected from falling by the use of guardrail systems, safety net systems or personal fall arrest systems? See WESTON FLD 25 (Note General Industry standard is four feet).	
			Guardrail systems are used as primary protection whenever feasible. Guardrail construction meets criteria in 29 CFR 1926.502(b).	
			Personal fall arrest systems (PFAS) are inspected and appropriate for use.	
			Ropes and straps (webbing) used in lanyards, lifelines, and strength components of body belts and body harnesses are from synthetic fibers.	
			Safety nets and safety net installations are constructed, tested and used according to 29 CFR 1926.502.c	
			Is respirator use required? See WESTON Respiratory Protection Program	
			Persons using respiratory protection have been successfully medically cleared, trained, and fit tested.	
			Respirators are used according to the manufacturer's instructions, regulatory requirements, selection criteria, and health and safety plan provisions.	
			For Level C operations with organic vapor contamination, is the cartridge change-out schedule documented?	
			Is breathing certified as Grade D, or better, and certification available on-site?	

# MACHINERY AND MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT 29 CFR 1926 Subparts N, O. EM 385-1-1, Sections 16, 17, 18

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Are inspections of machinery by a competent person established?	
		Is equipment inspected daily before its next use?	
		Equipment inspection reports are reviewed, followed-up on negative findings and records of inspections are maintained?	
		Machinery or equipment found to be unsafe is taken out of service until the unsafe condition has been corrected.	
		Is there a preventive maintenance program established?	
		Are operators of equipment qualified and authorized to operate?	
		Is all self-propelled construction and industrial equipment equipped with a reverse signal alarm?	
		Are seats or equal protection provided for each person required to ride on equipment. Are seatbelts installed and worn on motor vehicles, as appropriate.	
		All equipment with windshields is equipped with powered wipers. If fogging or frosting is possible, operable defogging or defrosting devices are required.	
		Internal combustion engines are not operated in enclosed areas unless adequate ventilation is made. Air monitoring is conducted to assure safe working conditions.	
		Is each bulldozer, scraper, dragline, crane, motor grader, front-end loader, mechanical shovel, backhoe, or similar equipment equipped with at least one dry chemical or carbon dioxide fire extinguisher with a minimum rating of 5-B:C?	
		Will cranes or other lifting devices be used? If so, are the following documents available on site: 1) a copy of the operating manual, 2) load rating chart, 3) log book, 4) a copy of the last annual inspection and 5) the initial on-site inspection?	
		Do operators have certificates of training to operate the type of crane(s) to be used?	
		Is a signal person provided when the point of operation is not in full view of the vehicle, machine, or equipment operator? When manual (hand) signals are used, is only one person designated to give signals to the operator?	
		Signal persons back one vehicle at a time. While under the control of a signal person, drivers do not back or maneuver until directed. Drivers stop if contact with the signal person is lost.	
		Is a critical lift plan prepared by a competent person whenever:  a lift is not routine, or a lift exceeds 75% of a crane's capacity,  a lift results in the load being out of the operator's line of sight, or a lift involves more than one crane,  a man basket is used, or the operator believes there is a need for a critical lift plan.	
		Fork Lifts (Powered Industrial Trucks) - Will forklifts be used on site?	
		All forklifts meet the requirements of design, construction, stability, inspection, testing, maintenance, and operation as indicated in ANSI/ASME B56.1 Safety Standards for Low Lift and High Lift Trucks.	
		Do forklift operators have certificates of training?	
		Are pile driving operations conducted according to EM 385-1-1, Section 16.L?	
		Is drilling equipment operated, inspected, and maintained as specified in the manufacturer's operating manual? Is a copy of the manual available at the work-site? See also the Drilling Safety Guide in the Safety Officers Field Manual.	
		Are flag persons provided when operations or equipment on or near a highway expose workers to traffic hazards? Do flag persons and persons working in proximity to a road wear high visibility vests? Are persons exposed to highway vehicle traffic protected by signs in all directions warning of the presence of the flag persons and the work? Do signs and distances from the work zone conform to federal and local regulations?	

# MOTOR VEHICLES 29 CFR 1926 Subpart O. EM 385-1-1, Section 18

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Motor vehicle operators have a valid permit, license, or certification of ability for the equipment being operated.	
		Inspection, maintenance, and repair is according to manufacturer's requirements by qualified persons.	
		Vehicles are inspected on a scheduled maintenance program.	
		Vehicles not in safe operating condition are removed from service until defects are corrected.	
		Glass in windshields, windows, and doors is safety glass. Any cracked or broken glass is replaced.	
		Seatbelts are installed and worn.	
		The number of passengers in passenger-type vehicles does not exceed the number which can be seated.	
		Trucks used to transport personnel have securely anchored seating, a rear endgate, and a guardrail.	
		No person is permitted to ride with arms or legs outside of a vehicle body; in a standing position on the body; on running boards; seated on side fenders, cabs, cab shields, rear of the truck or on the load.	
		ATV operators possess a valid state driver's license, have completed an ATV training course prior to operation of the vehicle, and wear appropriate protective equipment such as helmets, boots, and gloves.	
		EXCAVATING AND TRENCHING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart P. EM 385-1-1, Section 25	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Has the known or estimated location of utility installations such as sewer, telephone, fuel, electric, water lines, or any other underground installations that may be expected to be encountered during excavation been determined before excavation? Have utility locations been verified by designated state services according to state regulations? Has the client provided clearance where state jurisdiction doesn't apply?	
		Have overhead utilities in excavation areas been identified and either de-energized, shielded or barricaded so excavating equipment will not come within 10 feet?	
		Are inspections of the excavation, the adjacent areas, and protective systems made daily and as necessary by a competent person?	
		Are Protective systems in place as prescribed by the competent person?	
		Is material removed from excavations managed so it will not overwhelm the protective systems?	
		Are barriers provided between excavations and walkways?	
		Are excavations by roadways barricaded to warn vehicles of presence or to prevent them from falling in?	
		Is there a means of exit from the excavation every 25 feet?	
		Is air monitoring required? If yes, Is it performed?	
		CONFINED SPACES 29 CFR 1910 Subpart J. EM 385-1-1, Section 6	
YES	NO	29 GFR 1910 Subpart 3. EM 365-1-1, Section 6	COMMENT
TES		Is there a Confined Space Entry Program in place?	COIVIIVIEINT
H		Are the confined Spaces identified and labeled?	
一		Will the Confined Spaces be entered?	
		Is appropriate entry documentation used and on-file?	

 $C: \label{localization} C: \label{localization} Documents \ and \ Safety \ 2011 \ HASP \ HASP\_Soper \ Avenue \ Dec \ 2011. docx \ Avenue \ Avenue \ Dec \ 2011. docx \ Avenue \$ 

October 2011

# **ELECTRICAL**29 CFR 1926 Subpart K. EM 385-1-1, Section 11

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Are electrical installations made according to the National Electrical Code and applicable local codes?	
		Qualified electricians make all connections and perform all work within 10 feet of live electric equipment.	
		Location of underground, overhead, under floor, behind wall electrical lines is known and communicated. Lines are documented by qualified person as de-energized where necessary.	
		Workers understand they must not work near live parts of electric circuits, unless they are qualified as required by OSHA or are protected by de-energizing and grounding the parts, guarding the parts by insulation, or other effective means?	
		Employees who regularly work on or around energized electrical equipment or lines are instructed in the cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) methods.	
		Workers are prohibited from working alone on energized lines or equipment over 600 volts.	
		Are Ground-fault circuit interrupters (GFCl's) or is ground fault circuit protection provided to protect employees from ground-fault hazards for all 115 – 120 Volt, 15 and 20 amp receptacle outlets which are not a part of the permanent wiring of a building or structure at construction sites?	
		Circuit breakers are labeled.	
		Circuit breaker and all cabinets with exposed electric conductors are kept tightly closed.	
		Unused openings (including conduit knockouts) in electrical enclosures and fittings are closed with appropriate covers, plugs, or plates.	
		Sufficient access and working space is provided and maintained about all electrical equipment to permit ready and safe operations and maintenance.	
		Motors are located within sight of their controllers or controller disconnecting means are capable of being locked in the pen position or is a separate disconnecting means installed in the circuit within sight of the motor.	
		Are visual inspections of extension cords and cord-and plug-connected equipment conducted daily? Is equipment found damaged or defective tagged and removed from service, and not used until repaired?	
		Wet Areas - Is portable lighting used in wet or conductive locations, such as tanks or boilers operated at no more than 12 volts and protected by GFCIs.	
		Are electrical installations in hazardous areas to NEC?	
		Metal ladders and tools including tape measures or fabric with metal thread are prohibited where contact with energized electrically parts is possible.	
		All extension cords are the three-wire type, designed and rated for hard or extra hard usage?	
		Worn or frayed electrical cords or cables are taken out of service. Fastening with staples, hanging from nails or suspending extension cords by wire is prohibited.	
		Electric wire/flexible cord passing through work areas is protected from damage such as foot traffic, vehicles, sharp corners, projections and pinching? Flexible cords and cables passing through holes are protected by bushings or fittings?	
		Before an employee or contractor performs any service or maintenance on a system where the unexpected energizing, start up, or release of kinetic or stored energy could occur and cause injury or damage, the system is to be isolated. Only authorized persons may apply and remove lockouts and tags.	
		Contractors planning to use hazardous energy control procedures submit their hazardous energy control plan to the WESTON site safety officer or designee before implementing lockout/tagout procedures.	
		There is a site specific hazardous energy control plan that clearly and specifically outlines the scope, purpose, authorization, rules and techniques to be used for the control of hazardous energy.	
		Workers possess the knowledge and skills required for the safe application, usage, and removal of energy controls.	

# **WELDING AND CUTTING**

	29 CFR 1926 Subpart J. EM 385-1-1, Section 10				
YES	NO		COMMENT		
		Prior to performing welding, cutting or any other heat or spark producing activity, an assessment of the area is made by a competent person to identify combustible materials and potential sources of flammable atmospheres.			
		Welders, cutters and their supervisors are trained in the safe operation of their equipment, safe welding and cutting practices, hot work permit requirements, and fire protection.			
		Welding and cutting equipment is inspected daily before use. Unsafe equipment is taken out of use, replaced, or repaired.			
		Workers and the public are shielded from welding rays, flashes, sparks, molten metal, and slag.			
		Employees performing welding, cutting, or heating are protected by PPE appropriate for the hazards (e.g., respiratory, vision and skin protection).			
		Compatible fire extinguishing equipment is provided in the immediate vicinity of welding or cutting operations.			
		Drums, tanks, or other containers and equipment which have contained hazardous materials shall be thoroughly cleaned before welding or cutting. Cleaning shall be performed in accordance with NFPA 327, <u>Cleaning or Safeguarding Small Tanks and Containers</u> , ANSI/AWS F4.1, <u>Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers That Have Held Hazardous Substances</u> , and applicable health and safety plan requirements.			
	HAND AND POWER TOOL SAFETY 29 CFR 1926 Subpart I. EM 385-1-1, Section 13				
YES	NO		COMMENT		
		Power tools are from a manufacturer listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory for the specific application for which they are to be used.			
			·		

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Power tools are from a manufacturer listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory for the specific application for which they are to be used.	
		Hand & power tools are inspected, maintained, tested, and determined to be in safe operating condition before use.	
		Tools found to be unsafe are not used, tagged and repaired or destroyed.	
		Users of tools are trained in safe use.	
		Electrical tools have cords and plug connections in good repair.	
		Electrical tools are effectively grounded or approved double insulated.	
		Reciprocating, rotating, and moving parts of equipment are guarded if they may be accessed by employees or they otherwise create a hazard.	
		Safety clips/retainers are installed and maintained on pneumatic impact tool connections.	
		Chain saws have an automatic chain brake or anti-kickback device.	
		Pneumatic and hydraulic hoses and fittings are inspected regularly.	
		Employees who operate powder actuated tools are trained and carry valid operator's cards.	
		Powder activated tools are stored in individual locked containers, when not in use and are not loaded until ready to use.	
		Powder actuated tools are inspected for obstructions or defects daily before use.	
		Powder actuated tool operators have appropriate PPE.	

### **RIGGING**

29 CFR 1926 Subpart H. EM 385-1-1, Section 15				
YES	NO		COMMENT	
		Rigging equipment is inspected as specified by the manufacturer, by a qualified person, before use on each shift and as necessary to assure that it is safe.		
		Defective equipment is removed from service.		
		Rigging not in use is removed from the work area, properly stored, and maintained in good condition.		
		Wire rope removed from service for defects is cut up or plainly marked as unfit for use as rigging.		
		The number of saddle clips used to form eyes in wire rope conforms with Table H-20, are spaced evenly and the saddles are on the live side.		
		Chain rigging has a tag clearly indicating load limits, is inspected before initial use, then weekly, and is of alloyed metal.		
		Fiber rope rigging is not used if it is frozen or has been subject to acids or excessive heat.		
		Slings and their fittings and fastenings are inspected before use on each shift and as needed during use.		
		Drums, sheaves, and pulleys on rigging hardware are smooth and free of surface defects that can damage rigging.		
		MATERIAL HANDLING, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL 29 CFR 1926 Subpart H. EM 385-1-1, Section 14		
YES	NO		COMMENT	
		Employees are trained in and use safe lifting techniques.		
		Materials are not moved or suspended over workers unless positive precautions have been taken to protect workers.		
		Conveyors are constructed, inspected, & maintained by qualified persons according to manufacturer's recommendations.		
		All conveyors are to be equipped with emergency stopping devices.		
		Hazardous exposed moving machine parts are guarded mechanically, electrically or by location.		
		Controls are clearly marked and/or labeled to indicate the function controlled.		
		Taglines are used for suspended loads where the movement may be hazardous to persons.		

Tools, materials, extension cords, hoses or debris do not cause tripping or other hazards. Storage and construction sites are kept free from the accumulation of combustible materials.

Material in storage is protected from falling or collapse by effective stacking, blocking, cribbing, etc.

Materials are not stored on scaffolds or runways in excess of normal placement or in excess of safe load limits.

Waste materials and rubbish are placed in containers or, if appropriate, in piles. Waste materials are disposed of in accord with

Walkways and aisles are to be kept clear.

applicable local, state, or federal requirements.

Work areas and means of access are maintained safe and orderly.

# FLOATING PLANT AND MARINE ACTIVITIES 29 CFR 1926 Subpart O. EM 385-1-1 Section 19

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Floating plants that are regulated by the USCG have current inspections and certificates.	
		Before any floating plant is brought to the job site and placed in service it is inspected and determined to be in safe operating condition	
		Periodic inspections are made such that safe operating conditions are maintained. Strict compliance with EM 385-1-1, Section 19 is expected.	
		Plans are in place for removing or securing the plant and evacuation of personnel endangered by severe weather and other marine emergencies such as; fire, flooding, man overboard, hazardous materials incidents, etc.	
		Means of access are properly secured, guarded, and maintained free of slipping and tripping hazards.	
		Dredging operations follow guidelines as established in EM 385-1-1, Section 19.D.	
			_

# PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts I, F. EM 385-1-1, Section 20

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Pressurized equipment and systems are inspected before being placed into service.	
		Pressurized equipment or systems found to be unsafe are tagged "Out of Service-Do Not Use".	
		Systems and equipment are operated, inspected, and maintained by qualified, designated personnel.	
		Safe clearance, lockout/tagout procedures are followed as appropriate during maintenance or repair.	
		Air hose, pipes, fittings are pressure-rated for the activity. Defective hoses are removed from service.	
		Hoses aren't laid over ladders, steps, scaffolds, or walkways in a manner that creates a tripping hazard.	
		The use of compressed air for personal cleaning is prohibited. The use of compressed air for other cleaning is restricted to less than 30 psig.	
		Compressed gas cylinders are stored in well-ventilated locations.	
		Cylinders in storage are separated from flammable or combustible liquids and from easily ignitable materials by at least 40 feet or by a minimum five feet tall, ½ -hour fire resistive partition.	
		Stored cylinders containing oxidizing gases are separated from fuel gas cylinders by at least 20 feet or by a minimum five feet tall, ½ -hour fire resistive partition.	
		Cylinder valve caps are in place when cylinders are in storage, in transit, or a regulator is not in place.	
		Compressed gas cylinders in service are secured in substantial fixed or portable racks or hand trucks.	
		Oxygen cylinders and fittings are kept away from, and free from oil and grease.	
		Cylinder Storage areas are posted with the names of the gases in storage and with signs indicating "No Smoking or Open Flame".	
		Cylinders are to be stored such that mechanical and corrosion damage is avoided. Cylinders are not to be stored in areas required as an egress path.	
		Cylinders may be stored in the open outdoors, however, they must be protected from the ground to prevent corrosion and must be protected from temperatures that may exceed 125 degrees F.	

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#### WORK PLATFORMS/SCAFFOLDS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts L, M, N. EM 385-1-1 Sections 21, 22

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Work platforms are erected, used, inspected, tested, maintained and repaired according to manufacturer's requirements.	
		Construction, inspection, and disassembly of scaffolds is under the direction of a competent person.	
		Workers on scaffolding have been trained by a qualified person.	
		Scaffolds are erected on a firm and level surface and are square and plumb.	
		Scaffolds are not loaded in excess of rated capacity.	
		Working levels of work platforms are fully planked or decked.	
		Planks are in good condition and free from obvious defects.	
		Fabricated frame scaffolding four times higher than the base width is secured to building/structure according to manufacturer's instruction and/or OSHA requirements.	
		Working platforms of scaffolding over ten feet in height have guard rails meeting OSHA specifications. Fall protection is suggested at four feet or greater.	
		Scaffolding/work platforms are accessed by means of a properly secured ladder or equivalent. Built on ladders conform to scaffold ladder requirements. Climbing of braces is not allowed.	
		Crane supported work platforms are designed and used in accordance with OSHA standards.	
		Elevating work platforms are operated, inspected, and maintained according to the equipment operations manual.	
		Employees working in aerial lifts remain firmly on the floor of the basket. Employees use fall protection while in an aerial lift basket.	
		WALKING AND WORKING SURFACES AND STAIRS 29 CFR 1926 Subparts L, M, X. EM 385-1-1, Sections 21, 22, 24	
YES	NO	Work arong are clean conitary and orderly	COMMENT
	ᆜ	Work areas are clean, sanitary, and orderly	
$\Box$		Work surfaces are kept dry or appropriate means are taken to assure the surfaces are slip-resistant	
$\Box$	$\sqcup$	Accumulations of combustible dust are routinely removed.	
		Aisles and passageways are kept clear and marked as appropriate.	
		There is safe clearance for walking in aisles where motorized or mechanical handling equipment is operating.	
		Materials or equipment is stored in such a way that sharp projections will not interfere with the walkway.	
		Changes of direction or elevation are readily identifiable.	
		Aisles or walkways that pass near moving or operating machinery, welding operations or similar operations are arranged	
		so employees will not be subjected to potential hazards.	
_		so employees will not be subjected to potential hazards.  Standard guardrails are provided wherever aisle or walkway surfaces are elevated more than 30 inches above any	
		so employees will not be subjected to potential hazards.	
		so employees will not be subjected to potential hazards.  Standard guardrails are provided wherever aisle or walkway surfaces are elevated more than 30 inches above any adjacent floor or the ground and bridges provided where workers must cross over conveyors and similar hazards.	

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		Stairway handrails are not less than 36 inches above the leading edge of stair treads and have at least 3 inches of clearance between the handrails and the wall or surface they are mounted on.	
		Where doors or gates open directly on a stairway, there is a platform provided so the swing of the door does not reduce the width of the platform to less than 20 inches.	
		Where stairs or stairways exit directly into any area where vehicles may be operated, there are adequate barriers and warnings provided to prevent employees stepping into the path of traffic.	
		Signs are posted showing the load capacity of elevated storage areas.	
		An appropriate means of access and egress is provided for surfaces with 19 or more inches of elevation change.	
		Material on elevated surfaces is minimized, with that necessary for immediate work requriements piled, stacked, or racked in a manner to prevent it from tipping, falling, collapsing, rolling, or spreading.	
		FLOOR AND WALL HOLES AND OPENINGS 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Section 24	
YES	NO		COMMENT
YES	NO		COMMENT
YES	NO 🔲	29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Section 24	COMMENT
YES	NO D	29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Section 24  Floor and roof openings that persons can walk into or fall through are guarded by a physical barrier or covered.	COMMENT
YES	NO D	29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Section 24  Floor and roof openings that persons can walk into or fall through are guarded by a physical barrier or covered.  Holes (defined as equal to or greater than 2 inches in least dimension) where person could trip must be covered/protected.  Unprotected sides and edges on a walking/working surface six feet or more (note four feet in General Industry) are protected by	COMMENT

#### LADDERS 29 CFR 1926 Subpart X. EM 385-1-1, Section 21

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Portable ladders are used for their designed purpose only.	
		Portable ladders are examined for defects prior to, and after use.	
		Ladders found to be defective are clearly tagged to indicate "DO NOT USE" if repairable, or destroyed immediately if no repair is possible.	
		Workers are trained in hazards associated with ladder use and how to inspect ladders.	
		Ladders have secure footing provided by a combination of safety feet, top of ladder tie-offs and mud cills or a person holding the ladder to prevent slipping.	
		The handrails of a straight ladder used to get from one level to another extend at least 36 inches above the landing.	
		Ladders conform to construction criteria of ANSI Standards A-14.1 and A-14.2.	
		Wooden ladders are not painted with an opaque covering such that signs of flaws, cracks, or drying are obscured.	
		Fixed ladders are constructed and used according to OSHA Standards, 29 CFR 1910.27 and ANSI A-14.3.	
		Rungs, cleats or steps, and side rails that may be used for handholds when climbing, offer adequate gripping surface and are free of splinters, slivers or burrs, and substances that could cause slipping.	
		Fixed ladders of greater than 24 feet have cages or other approved fall protection devices. (Note General Industry is 20 feet).	
		Where fall protection is provided by ladder safety systems (body belts or harnesses, lanyards and braking devices with safety lines or rails), systems meet the requirements of and are used in accordance with WESTON Fall Protection Standard Practices and are compatible with construction of the ladder system.	
		DEMOLITION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart T. EM 385-1-1, Section 23	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Prior to initiating demolition activities an engineering survey (by a competent person) and a demolition plan (by a competent person) is completed.	
		All employees engaged in demolition activities are instructed in the demolition plan.	
		It has been determined through the engineering survey and outlined in the plan, if any hazardous materials or conditions (e.g., asbestos, lead, utility connections, etc.) exist. Such hazards are controlled or eliminated before demolition is started.	
		Continued inspections, by a competent person, are conducted to ensure safe employee working conditions.	
		TREE MAINTENANCE AND REMOVAL 29 CFR 1910 Subpart R. EM 385-1-1, Section 31	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Tree maintenance or removal is done is under the direction of a qualified person.	
		Tree work, in the vicinity of charged electric lines, is by trained persons qualified to work with electricity and tree work.  Appropriate distances are maintained for all workers who are not qualified.	
		Equipment is inspected, maintained, repaired, and used in accordance with the manufacturer's directions.	
		Prior to felling actions are planned to include clearing of the area to permit safe working conditions and escape.	
		Employees must be trained in the safe operation of all equipment.	
		All equipment and machinery is inspected and determined safe prior to use.	
		Work is performed under requirements of FLD 43.	
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#### BLASTING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart U. EM 385-1-1, Section 29

YES	NO	•	COMMENT
		A blasting safety plan is developed prior to bringing explosives on-site.	
		The transportation, handling, storage, and use of explosives, blasting agents, and blasting equipment must be directed and supervised by a person with proven experience and ability in blasting operations. Licensing of person is verified.	
		Blasting operations in or adjacent to cofferdams, piers, underwater structures, buildings, structures, or other facilities must be carefully planned with full consideration to potential vibration and damage.	
		HAZARDOUS, TOXIC, AND RADIOACTIVE WASTE AND UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK	(UST) ACTIVITIES
YES	NO	29 CFR 1926 Subpart D. EM 385-1-1, Section 28	COMMENT
	NO	All construction activities performed with known or potential exposure to hazardous waste are conducted in accordance	COMMENT
	Ш	with Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response requirements.	
		CONCRETE and MASONRY CONSTRUCTION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart Q. EM 385-1-1, Section 27	
YES	NO		COMMENT
		Construction loads are not placed on a concrete or masonry structure or portion of a concrete or masonry structure unless the employer determines, based on information from a person who is qualified in structural design, that the structure or portion of the structure is capable of supporting the loads.	
		Employees are not permitted to work above or in positions exposed to protruding reinforcing steel or other impalement hazards unless provisions have been made to control the hazard.	
		Sections of concrete conveyances and airlines under pressure are secured with wire rope (or equivalent material) in addition to the regular couplings or connections.	
		Structural and reinforcing steel for walls, piers, columns, and similar vertical structures is supported and/or guyed to prevent overturning or collapse	
		All form-work, shoring, and bracing is designed, fabricated, erected, supported, braced, and maintained so it will safely support all vertical and lateral loads that may be applied until the loads can be supported by the structure.	
		Shoring equipment is inspected prior to erection to determine that it is specified in the shoring design. Any equipment found to be damaged is not used.	
		Erected shoring equipment is inspected immediately prior to, during, and immediately after the placement of concrete. Any shoring equipment that is found to be damaged, displaced, or weakened is immediately reinforced or re-shored.	
		Shoring, vertical slip forms and jacks conform with requirements of Section 27.B.08-13 of USACE EM 385-1-1.	
		Forms and shores (except those on slab or grade and slip forms) are not removed until the individual responsible for forming and/or shoring determines that the concrete has gained sufficient strength to support its weight and all superimposed loads.	
		Precast concrete members are adequately supported to prevent overturning or collapse until permanent connections are complete	
		No one is permitted under pre-cast concrete members being lifted or tilted into position except employees required for the erection of those members.	
		Lift slab operations are planned and designed by a registered engineer or architect.	
		Hydraulic jacks used in lift slab construction have a safety device that causes the jacks to support the load in any position if the jack malfunctions	
		No one is permitted under the slab during jacking operations.	
		A limited access zone is established whenever a masonry wall is being constructed.	
		Fall protection is provided to masonry workers exposed to falls of 6 feet or more	

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#### STEEL ERECTION 29 CFR 1926 Subpart R. EM 385-1-1, Section 27

YES	NO		COMMENT
		Impact wrenches have a locking device for retaining the socket. Containers shall be provided for storing or carrying rivets, bolts, and drift pins, and secured against accidental displacement when aloft.	
		Structural and reinforcing steel for walls, piers, columns, and similar vertical structures shall be guyed and supported to prevent collapse	
		No loading is placed upon steel joists until all bridging is completely and permanently installed.	
		Workers are provided fall protection whenever they are exposed to falls of 1.8 m (6 ft) or more (EM 385-1-1).	
		Temporary flooring in skeleton steel erection conforms with Section 27.F of USACE 385-1-1	
		ROOFING 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M. EM 385-1-1, Sections 21, 22, 24, 27	
Yes	No		COMMENT
		In the construction, maintenance, repair, and demolition, of roofs, fall protection systems is provided that will prevent personnel from slipping and failing from the roof and prevent personnel on lower levels from being struck by falling objects	
		On all roofs greater than 4.8 m (16 ft) in height, a hoisting device, stairways, or progressive platforms are furnished for supplying materials and equipment.	
		Roofing materials and accessories that could be moved by the wind, including metal roofing panels, that are on the roof and unattached are secured when wind speeds are greater than, or are anticipated to exceed, 10 mph.	
		Level, guarded platforms are provided at the landing area on the roof.	
		When their use is permitted, warning line systems comply with USACE Section 27.07 of EM 385-1-1.	
		Workers involved in roof-edge materials handling or working in a storage area located on a roof with a slope -/= to four vertical to twelve horizontal and with <a href="edges-6">edges 6</a> ft or more above lower levels are protected by the use of a guardrail, safety net, or personal fall arrest system along all unprotected roof sides and edges of the area.	

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE**

Yes	No		Comments
		Environmental Compliance and Waste Management Plan on file.	
		Waste Determination Made.	
		Manifest and/or Shipping Papers prepared and filed.	
		Manifest Exception Reports Prepared, as necessary. Procedures to track manifests in place.	
		State Annual and EPA Biennial Reporting Information Available.	
		RCRA Personnel Training Records on file.	
		CAA Permits on file.	
		CWA Permits on file.	
		RCRA Permits on file.	
		State and/or Local Permits on file.	
		RCRA Inspections conducted and Documentation on file.	
		Transporter and TSD compliance information on file.	
		Waste Accumulation Areas Managed Properly.	
		Wetlands Areas Identified and Protected.	
		Endangered, Threatened, or Special Concern Species or Areas Identified and Protective Methods Determined.	
		Run-on and Runoff Concerns Identified and Managed.	
		Adjacent Land Areas Protected as Necessary.	
		Non-Hazardous Solid Wastes Managed Properly.	
		MISCELLANEOUS REGULATORY and POLICY COMPLIANCE	
Yes	No	miodeler integration in an a few more and a few mor	Comments
		Personnel Training Records for DOT Materials Handling on file.	
		Noise Control Issues Addressed and Managed.	
		Site Security Issues Identified and Managed.	
		Known Historical, Archeological, and Cultural Resources Identified and Managed.	
		WESTON EHS Analysis Checklist In Use.	
		Safety Observation and Recognition Program in place.	
		Weekly EHS Report Card System in place.	
		Federal, State, and Local Required Postings in place.	
		Site specific Lockout/Tagout Program is in place.	
		one specific Edokadi ragadi ragram a m piade.	
		Site-specific Confined Space Program is in place.	

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# ATTACHMENT I HAZARD CHECKLIST

HAZARD CHECKLIST Site Manager/EHS Officer:							Task Team (name or reference via daily sign-in sheet)				
Date											
Loca											
Addr	ess:										
HAZARDS IDENTIFIED (check those applicable)											
	Chemical		Biological		Physical		Aerial lifts		Remote Areas		
	Flammable/combustible		Insects		Noise		Man. Material Handling		Materials handling		
	Corrosive		Animals		Heat		Demolition		High Pressure Washers		
	Oxidizer		Plants		Cold		Excavation		Hand and Power Tools		
	Reactive		Mold/Fungus		Inclement Weather		Pile Driving		Low Illumination		
	Toxic		Viral/Bacterial		Hot Work		Welding/Cutting/Burn		Drilling & Boring		
	Inhalation		Density Gauges		Confined Spaces		Hot Surfaces		Striking against/Struck-by		
	Eyes/Skin		Radiological		Stored hazardous Energy		Hot Materials		Caught-in/Caught between		
	Pesticides		Ultra-Violet		Elevation		Rough Terrain		Pushing/pulling		
	Carcinogen		Sunlight		Utilities		Compressed Gases		Falls at same level		
	Asbestos		Infrared		Machinery		Hazardous Mat. Storage		Falls from elevation		
	Lead		Lasers		Mobile equipment		Diving		Repetitive motion		
	UXO/OE/ CWM		XRF		Cranes		Operation of Boats		High (>110v) Electricity		
	Process Safety		Isotopes		Manual Material Handling		Working Over Water		Slippery surface Ice/Snow		
	Applying Paint/Coatings				Ladders		Traffic				
					Scaffolding		Site Security				
REG	QUIRED PROTECTION (ch	neck	those applicable)								
	•		Administrative								
	Engineering Controls		Control		PPE				Contingency		
	Guard Rails		Qualified for task		Air Supplying Respirator		Tyvek coveralls		Emergency Signal Known		
	Machine Guards		Trained/Certified		Air Purifying Respirator		Coated Coveralls		Eye wash/shower Location		
	Sound Barriers		Hot Work Permit		SCBA		Welding leathers		First Aid Kit Location		
	Enclosure		CSE Permit		Hard Hat		CWM		Fire Extinguisher Location		
	Elevation		Lockout/Tag Out		Ear Plugs		Safety Shoes/Boots		Spill Kit Location		
	Isolation		Work Permit		Ear Muffs		Rubber Boots		Severe weather shelter		
	GFCI Assured Ground Program		Dig Safe Permit		Safety Glasses		Gloves		Evacuation Routes		
	Assured Ground Program		Contingency Plan		Goggles		Cooling Suits				
	Apply Anti-slip/skid Mat		Critical Lift Plans		Chemical Goggles		Ice Vests				
			Equip. Inspection Sheets		Face Shield		Radiant heat Suits				
					Thermal Shield		Fall Arrest				
					Welding Mask		PFD				
					Cutting Glasses		Electrical insulation				
Any Modification to Tasks (list)  Other tasks or activities that may affect my activity  Reasons for any changes indicated above								ed above			
li .											

#### ATTACHMENT J AUDIT AND OTHER FORMS

